

Immunoassay test report



Patient:	Kraven	Species:	Feline	Patient ID:	2511301
Client:	Gemmalyn De Luna	Gender:	Male	Sample No.:	0000001
Doctor:		Age:	9M	Time of analysis:	2025/11/30 11:02

Lab item	Current result		Ref. Ranges	
fSDMA	↑	22.9	μg/dL 0.0-14.0	

Operator:

Report Explan.

fSDMA

Result indications:

<14.0 ug/dL Normal

14.0-20.0 ug/dL Suspected

>20.0 ug/dL Abnormal

Clinical significance:

fSDMA is an early biomarker of progressive kidney injury, and an increase may indicate impaired renal function.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.
The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument: Mindray vetXpert I3 Time of Printing: 2025-12-02 14:25:59



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Biochemistry test report



Patient:	Kraven	Species:	Feline	Patient ID:	2511301
Client:	Gemmalyn De Luna	Gender:	Male	Sample No.:	0000001
Doctor:		Age:	9M	Time of analysis:	2025/11/30 11:02

Item		Current result		Ref. Ranges	
Protein	TP	6.89	g/dL	5.65-8.85	
Protein	ALB	↓ 2.00	g/dL	2.20-4.00	
Protein	GLOB	4.89	g/dL	2.82-5.13	
Protein	A/G	0.4			
Liver and gallbladder	ALT	40.7	U/L	12.0-149.2	
Liver and gallbladder	AST	↑ 63.6	U/L	0.0-60.0	
Liver and gallbladder	AST/ALT	1.56			
Liver and gallbladder	ALP	15.2	U/L	8.7-110.9	
Liver and gallbladder	GGT	<2.0	U/L	0.0-8.2	
Liver and gallbladder	TBIL	↑ 4.53	mg/dL	0.00-0.88	
Liver and gallbladder	TBA	↑ 96.8	μmol/L	0.0-20.0	
Pancreas	AMY	1875.3	U/L	555.6-1940.0	
Kidneys	BUN	↑ 57.60	mg/dL	12.79-32.06	
Kidneys	CREA	1.23	mg/dL	0.32-2.03	
Kidneys	BUN/CREA	46.7			
Cardiovasc./Muscle	CK	425.9	U/L	66.1-530.9	
Cardiovasc./Muscle	LDH	264.1	U/L	0.0-334.2	
Energy metabolism	GLU	↑ 254.0	mg/dL	61.1-151.2	
Energy metabolism	TC	142.3	mg/dL	72.3-225.8	
Energy metabolism	TG	↑ 154.6	mg/dL	8.9-115.1	
Minerals	Ca	↓ 7.88	mg/dL	8.40-11.16	
Minerals	PHOS	5.84	mg/dL	2.48-8.42	
Minerals	CaxP	3.72	mmol/L^2		
Minerals	Mg	2.09	mg/dL	1.60-2.96	
Electrolytes	Na+	↓ 137.1	mmol/L	141.0-166.0	
Electrolytes	K+	3.7	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	
Electrolytes	Na/K	37.3			
Electrolytes	Cl-	↓ 100.6	mmol/L	104.4-129.0	

Operator:

Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel

QC QC OK

HEM(Hemolysis degree):	0	LIP(Lipemia degree):	0	ICT(Jaundice degree):	2+
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Report Explen.

ALB



Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and corticosteroid administration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with excessive infusion, malnutrition, hepatic insufficiency or failure, nephropathy, and protein-losing enteropathy.

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing:2025-12-02 14:26:01



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Biochemistry test report



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Doctor:		Age:	9M	Time of analysis:	2025/11/30 11:02

 Report Explan.		
AST	↑	Increase is commonly associated with liver injury and muscle injury, etc.
TBIL	↑	Increase is commonly associated with hemolysis and hepatobiliary dysfunction. Reduction is commonly associated with decreased erythropoiesis, etc.
TBA	↑	Increase is commonly associated with hepatic insufficiency or failure, portal vein shunt, and cholestasis, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with long-term fasting and intestinal malabsorption, etc.
BUN	↑	Increase is commonly associated with high protein diet, gastrointestinal bleeding, nephropathy, and urinary obstruction, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake and liver failure, etc.
GLU	↑	Increase is commonly associated with diabetes and hypercorticism, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insulin administration, malnutrition, and insulinoma, etc.
TG	↑	Increase is commonly associated with postprandial, obesity, diabetes and hypercorticism, etc.
Ca	↓	Increase is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, lymphoma, and nephropathy, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with low calcium diet, hypoalbuminemia, nephropathy, and vitamin D deficiency, etc.
Na+	↓	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, hyperaldosteronism, and severe dehydration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, diuretic therapy, etc.
Cl-	↓	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, small intestinal diarrhea, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with vomiting, diuretic therapy, etc.

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