

Pet Doctors Veterinary Supplies and Services

Blood Morphology Analysis Report

Pet Name: kimmy
Gender: Female
Sample ID: 260821002

Owner Name:
Age:
Sample Type: Blood

Species: Canine
Patient or Visit NO.:
Time Tested: 21/08/2026 14:11:06

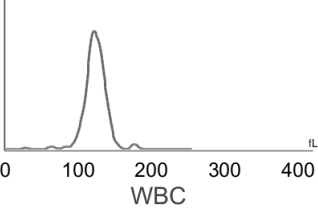
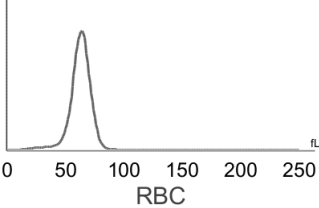
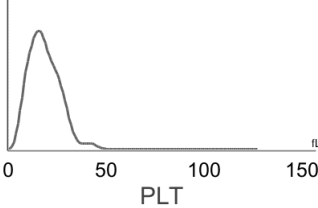
Test	Result		Unit	Reference Range	Low	Normal	High
1.WBC							
1-1White blood cell count(WBC)	3.14	↓	10 ⁹ /L	6.00-17.00			
1-2Neutrophils(Neu#)	2.78	↓	10 ⁹ /L	3.62-12.30			
1-3Neutrophil stab granulocytes(Nst#)	0.00		10 ⁹ /L	0.00-1.00			
1-4Neutrophil segmented granulocytes(Nsg#)	2.78		10 ⁹ /L	2.30-11.50			
1-5Hypersegmented neutrophils(Nsh#)	0.00		10 ⁹ /L	0.00-3.50			
1-6Lymphocytes(Lym#)	0.23	↓	10 ⁹ /L	0.83-4.91			
1-7Monocytes(Mon#)	0.06	↓	10 ⁹ /L	0.14-1.97			
1-8Eosinophils(Eos#)	0.06		10 ⁹ /L	0.04-1.62			
1-9Basophils(Bas#)	0.01		10 ⁹ /L	0.00-0.12			
1-10%Neutrophils(Neu%)	89.0	↑	%	50.0-81.0			
1-11%Neutrophil stab granulocyte in WBC(Nst/WBC%)	0.0		%	0.0-10.0			
1-12%Neutrophil segmented granulocyte(Nsg%)	89.0	↑	%	48.0-70.0			
1-13%Hypersegmented neutrophils in WBC(Nsh/WBC%)	0.0		%	0.0-15.5			
1-14%Lymphocytes(Lym%)	7.2	↓	%	12.0-33.0			
1-15%Monocytes(Mon%)	1.8	↓	%	2.0-13.0			
1-16%Eosinophils(Eos%)	1.8		%	0.5-10.0			
1-17%Basophils(Bas%)	0.2		%	0.0-1.3			
1-18%Neutrophil stab granulocyte in Neu(Nst/Neu%)	0.0		%	0.0-22.0			
1-19%Hypersegmented neutrophils in Neu(Nsh/Neu%)	0.0		%	0.0-20.0			
2.RBC							
2-1Red blood cell count(RBC)	4.57	↓	10 ¹² /L	5.10-8.50			
2-2Hemoglobin concentration(HGB)	115		g/L	110-190			
2-3Hematocrit(HCT)	33.5	↓	%	35.0-58.0			
2-4Mean corpuscular volume(MCV)	73.2		fL	55.0-83.0			
2-5Mean corpuscular hemoglobin(MCH)	25.1		pg	18.0-31.0			
2-6Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration(MCHC)	343		g/L	260-430			
2-7Red blood cell distribution width-Coefficient of Variation(RDW-CV)	13.5		%	11.2-21.3			
2-8Red blood cell distribution width-Standard Deviation(RDW-SD)	36.5		fL	31.2-51.7			
2-9Reticulocytes(RET#)	8.08		10 ⁹ /L	3.00-45.00			
2-10%Reticulocytes(RET%)	0.18		%	0.00-1.00			
2-11Mean reticulocyte volume(MCVr)	45.7		fL	30.0-120.0			
2-12Mean reticulocyte volume distribution width-Coefficient of Variation(MCVr-CV)	42.3		%	20.0-80.0			
2-13Nucleated red blood cell(NRBC#)	0.00		10 ⁹ /L	0.00-0.10			
2-14%Nucleated red blood cell in WBC(NRBC/WBC%)	0.00		%	0.00-0.50			
2-15Erythrocyte ghost(ETG#)	0.01		10 ¹² /L	0.00-0.10			
2-16%Erythrocyte ghost(ETG%)	0.12		%	0.00-3.00			
2-17Spherocytes(SPH#)	0.63		10 ⁹ /L	0.00-150.00			
2-18%Spherocytes(SPH%)	0.01		%	0.00-2.00			
2-19Agglutinated erythrocytes(AGG#)	0.00		10 ⁹ /L	0.00-0.50			
2-20Heinz Bodies(HBRBC#)	0.00		10 ⁹ /L	0.00-0.00			
3.PLT							
3-1Platelet(PLT)	51	↓	10 ⁹ /L	117-490			
3-2Mean platelet volume(MPV)	10.2		fL	8.4-14.1			



Hospital Tel: +639171533903

Hospital Add: McArthur Highway, San Miguel, Calasiao, Pangasinan



3-3Plateletcrit(PCT)	0.055	↓	%	0.090-0.580	
3-4Platelet distribution width-Coefficient of Variation(PDW-CV)	44.2		%	30.0-80.0	
3-5Platelet distribution width-Standard Deviation(PDW-SD)	10.2		fL	5.0-20.0	
3-6Large platelet(LPLT#)	10		10^9/L	0-285	
3-7%Large platelet(P-LCR)	18.5		%	9.0-50.0	
					
WBC	RBC	PLT			

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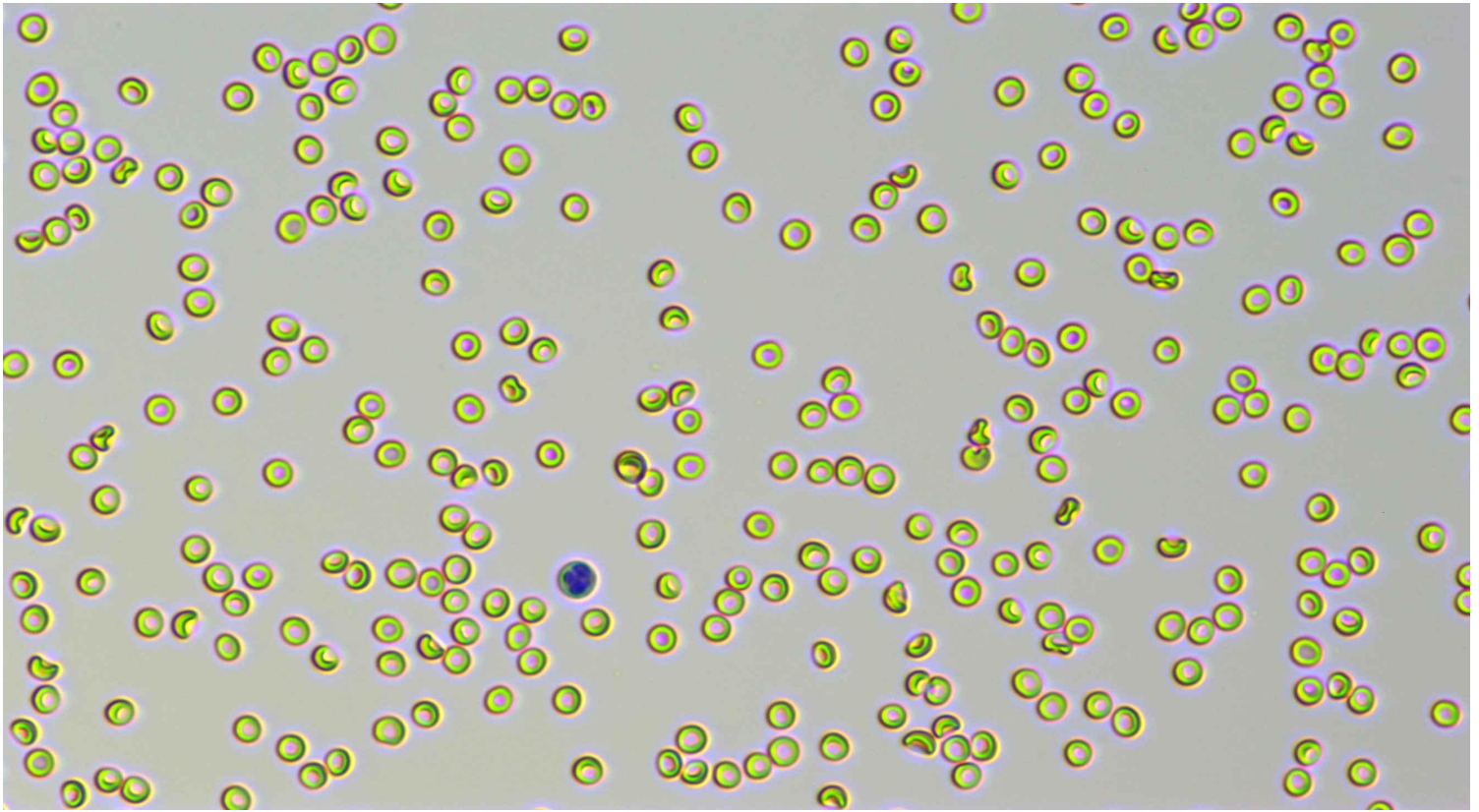
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Distribution Chart



Neutrophil stab granulocytes

Count:

Concentration:

Percentage:



Neutrophil segmented granulocytes

Count: 158.0

Concentration: $2.78 \times 10^9/L$

Percentage: 89.0 Nsg#/WBC



Hypersegmented neutrophils

Count:

Concentration:

Percentage:

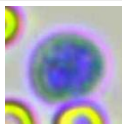


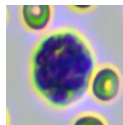
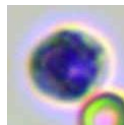
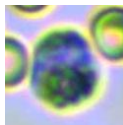
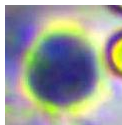
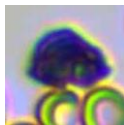
Lymphocytes

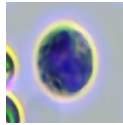
Count: 12.0

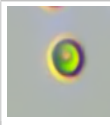
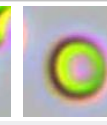
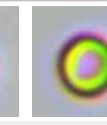
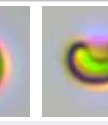
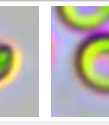
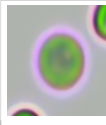
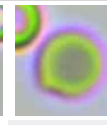
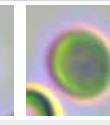
Concentration: $0.23 \times 10^9/L$

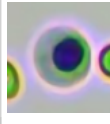
Percentage: 7.2 Lym#/WBC

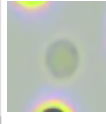
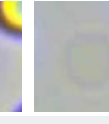
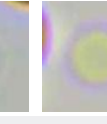
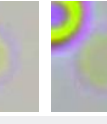
								
Monocytes	Count: 4.0	Concentration: 0.06 x 10^9/L			Percentage: 1.8 Mon#/WBC			

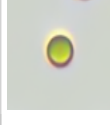
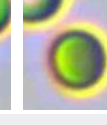
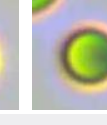
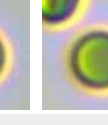
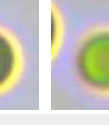
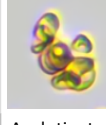
								
Eosinophils	Count: 4.0	Concentration: 0.06 x 10^9/L			Percentage: 1.8 Eos#/WBC			

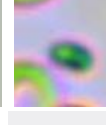
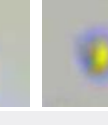
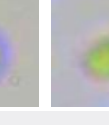
								
Basophils	Count:	Concentration:			Percentage:			

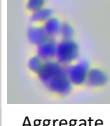
									
Normocyte	Count: 81126.0	Concentration: 4.57 x 10^12/L		Percentage: 99.9 Normocyte#/RBC		Reticulocytes	Count: 2.0	Concentration: 8.08 x 10^9/L	Percentage: 0.18 RET#/RBC

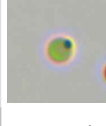
								
Nucleated red blood cell	Count:	Concentration:			Percentage:			

					
Erythrocyte ghost	Count: 104.0	Concentration: 0.01 x 10^12/L		Percentage: 0.12 ETG#/RBC	

								
Spherocytes	Count: 45.0	Concentration: 0.63 x 10^9/L		Percentage: 0.01 SPH#/RBC		Agglutinated erythrocytes	Count:	Concentration: Percentage:

								
Normal platelets	Count: 83.0	Concentration: 51 x 10^9/L		Percentage: 81.5 NPLT#/PLT		Large platelet	Count:	Concentration: Percentage:

								
Aggregate platelets	Count:	Concentration:			Percentage:			

								
Heinz Bodies	Count:	Concentration:			Percentage:			

Clinical Significance

Neu#	Decreased levels: It is commonly seen in infectious diseases such as feline panleukopenia, toxoplasmosis, histoplasmosis, etc.; drug-induced, infections such as acute, late severe bacterial infections or septicemia, immune-mediated diseases, shock, poisoning, bone marrow abnormalities, pre-leukemia syndrome.
Lym#	Decreased levels: It is seen in stress, Cushing's syndrome (Cushing's Syndrome) or use of glucocorticoids, lymphosarcoma, immunosuppressive drugs, and destruction of lymphoid tissue such as lymphangiectasis and lymphadenitis.
Mon#	Decreased levels: It is suggested that the initial stage of acute infectious diseases, the use of glucocorticoids and immunosuppressants, hematological diseases, autoimmune diseases, and the critical stage of various diseases.
RBC	Decreased levels: Common of all kinds is urgent, chronic and haemorrhagic anaemia, if ulcer, tumor, operation; and the haemolytic anaemia that helminth infection, autoimmunity haemolysis causes; the nutrition sex anaemia that hidebound causes; the aplastic anaemia that toxic, immune disease, endocrine is maladjusted cause.
HCT	Decreased levels: It is common in anemia caused by various reasons.

PLT

Decreased levels:It is common in sample agglutination, such as physiological agglutination in cats, poor anticoagulation after sampling and long-term storage; Accelerated platelet clearance due to various causes, such as primary immune-mediated thrombocytopenia and secondary immune-mediated thrombocytopenia due to autoimmune diseases, tumors, infectious diseases, canine distemper attenuated vaccination, protozoal infection, dirofilariasis, histoplasmosis, and immune complex vasculitis;It is occasionally seen in abnormal platelet production caused by drugs, infections, vaccines, and defective platelet production.

PCT

Decreased levels:Indicating thrombocytopenia.

Veterinary Technician: not specified

Attending Veterinarian: Dr. Ricardo Valdez

Date Reported: 21/08/2026

This report is solely for the received sample and serves as a diagnostic reference for veterinarians.