

Pet Doctors Veterinary Supplies and Services

Blood Morphology Analysis Report

Pet Name: Dutches
Gender: Female
Sample ID: 260726001

Owner Name: Kass Falcon
Age: 4Y
Sample Type: Blood

Species: Canine
Patient or Visit NO.:
Time Tested: 26/07/2026 11:43:10

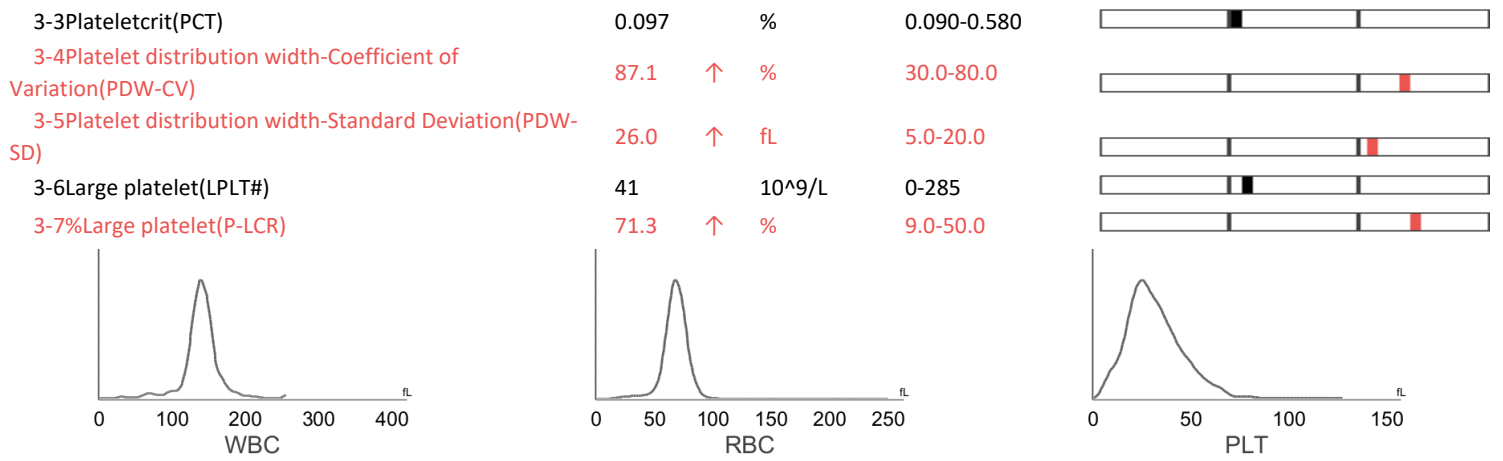
Test	Result	Unit	Reference Range	Low	Normal	High
1.WBC						
1-1White blood cell count(WBC)	9.98	10 ⁹ /L	6.00-17.00			
1-2Neutrophils(Neu#)	8.61	10 ⁹ /L	3.62-12.30			
1-3Neutrophil stab granulocytes(Nst#)	0.00	10 ⁹ /L	0.00-1.00			
1-4Neutrophil segmented granulocytes(Nsg#)	8.61	10 ⁹ /L	2.30-11.50			
1-5Hypersegmented neutrophils(Nsh#)	0.00	10 ⁹ /L	0.00-3.50			
1-6Lymphocytes(Lym#)	0.64	↓ 10 ⁹ /L	0.83-4.91			
1-7Monocytes(Mon#)	0.60	10 ⁹ /L	0.14-1.97			
1-8Eosinophils(Eos#)	0.12	10 ⁹ /L	0.04-1.62			
1-9Basophils(Bas#)	0.01	10 ⁹ /L	0.00-0.12			
1-10%Neutrophils(Neu%)	86.3	↑ %	50.0-81.0			
1-11%Neutrophil stab granulocyte in WBC(Nst/WBC%)	0.0	%	0.0-10.0			
1-12%Neutrophil segmented granulocyte(Nsg%)	86.3	↑ %	48.0-70.0			
1-13%Hypersegmented neutrophils in WBC(Nsh/WBC%)	0.0	%	0.0-15.5			
1-14%Lymphocytes(Lym%)	6.4	↓ %	12.0-33.0			
1-15%Monocytes(Mon%)	6.0	%	2.0-13.0			
1-16%Eosinophils(Eos%)	1.2	%	0.5-10.0			
1-17%Basophils(Bas%)	0.1	%	0.0-1.3			
1-18%Neutrophil stab granulocyte in Neu(Nst/Neu%)	0.0	%	0.0-22.0			
1-19%Hypersegmented neutrophils in Neu(Nsh/Neu%)	0.0	%	0.0-20.0			
2.RBC						
2-1Red blood cell count(RBC)	3.64	↓ 10 ¹² /L	5.10-8.50			
2-2Hemoglobin concentration(HGB)	99	↓ g/L	110-190			
2-3Hematocrit(HCT)	28.5	↓ %	35.0-58.0			
2-4Mean corpuscular volume(MCV)	78.3	fL	55.0-83.0			
2-5Mean corpuscular hemoglobin(MCH)	27.2	pg	18.0-31.0			
2-6Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration(MCHC)	348	g/L	260-430			
2-7Red blood cell distribution width-Coefficient of Variation(RDW-CV)	14.1	%	11.2-21.3			
2-8Red blood cell distribution width-Standard Deviation(RDW-SD)	41.3	fL	31.2-51.7			
2-9Reticulocytes(RET#)	6.60	10 ⁹ /L	3.00-45.00			
2-10%Reticulocytes(RET%)	0.18	%	0.00-1.00			
2-11Mean reticulocyte volume(MCVr)	45.9	fL	30.0-120.0			
2-12Mean reticulocyte volume distribution width-Coefficient of Variation(MCVr-CV)	49.8	%	20.0-80.0			
2-13Nucleated red blood cell(NRBC#)	0.00	10 ⁹ /L	0.00-0.10			
2-14%Nucleated red blood cell in WBC(NRBC/WBC%)	0.00	%	0.00-0.50			
2-15Erythrocyte ghost(ETG#)	0.00	10 ¹² /L	0.00-0.10			
2-16%Erythrocyte ghost(ETG%)	0.01	%	0.00-3.00			
2-17Spherocytes(SPH#)	0.76	10 ⁹ /L	0.00-150.00			
2-18%Spherocytes(SPH%)	0.02	%	0.00-2.00			
2-19Agglutinated erythrocytes(AGG#)	0.00	10 ⁹ /L	0.00-0.50			
2-20Heinz Bodies(HBRBC#)	0.00	10 ⁹ /L	0.00-0.00			
3.PLT						
3-1Platelet(PLT)	57	↓ 10 ⁹ /L	117-490			
3-2Mean platelet volume(MPV)	16.2	↑ fL	8.4-14.1			



Hospital Tel: +639171533903

Hospital Add: McArthur Highway, San Miguel, Calasiao, Pangasinan





Pet Doctors Veterinary Supplies and Services

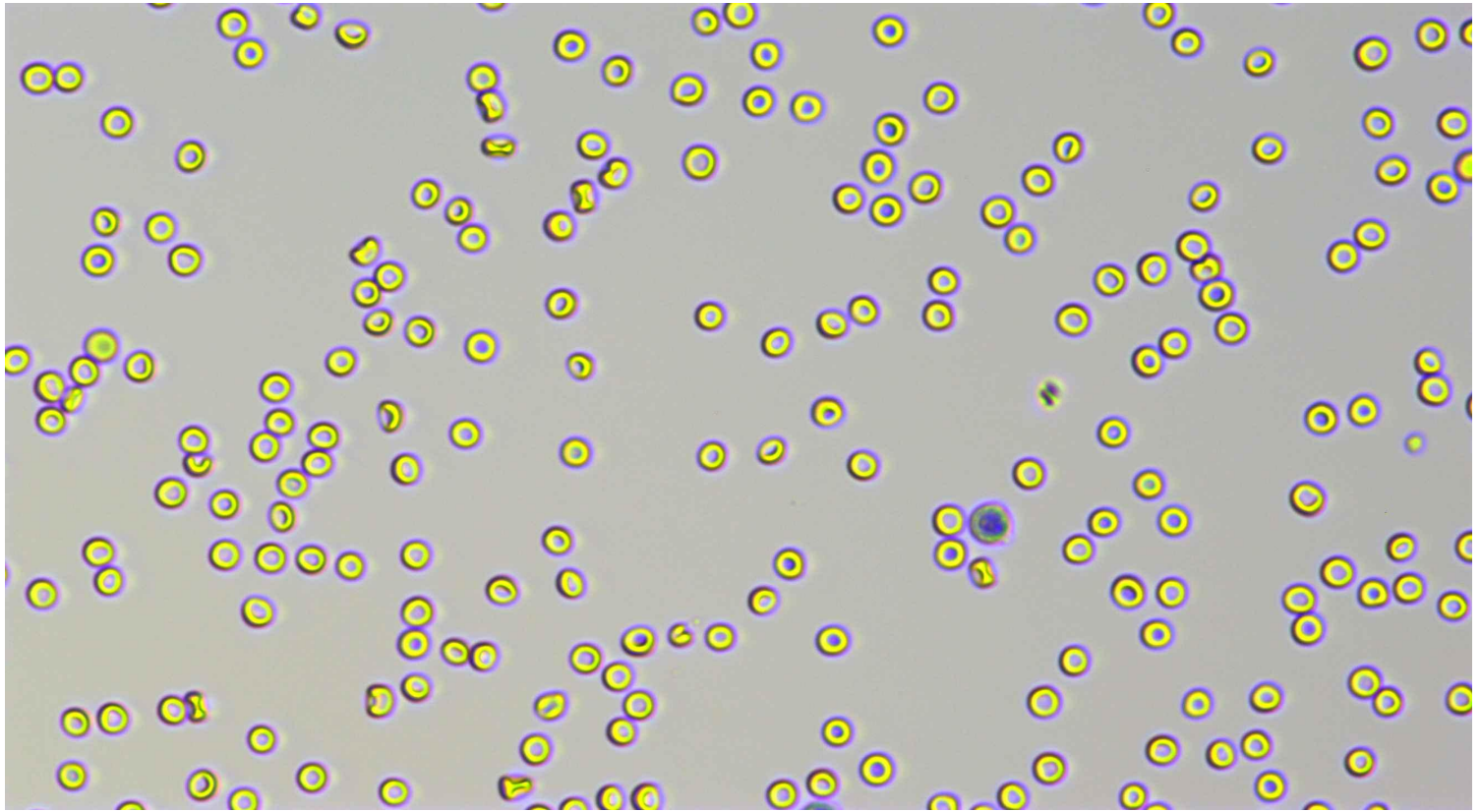
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Distribution Chart



Neutrophil stab granulocytes

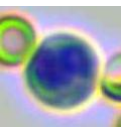
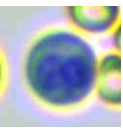
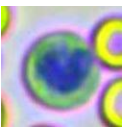
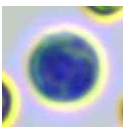
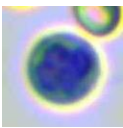
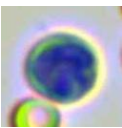
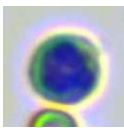
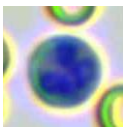
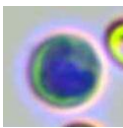
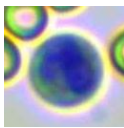
Count:

Concentration:

Percentage:



Neutrophil segmented granulocytes



Count: 483.0

Concentration: $8.61 \times 10^9/L$

Percentage: 86.3 Nsg#/WBC

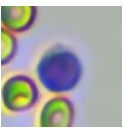


Hypersegmented neutrophils

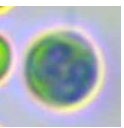
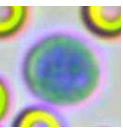
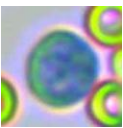
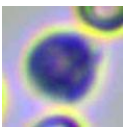
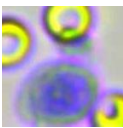
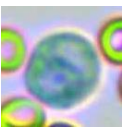
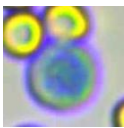
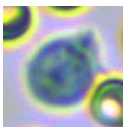
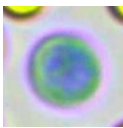
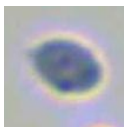
Count:

Concentration:

Percentage:



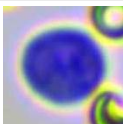
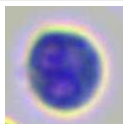
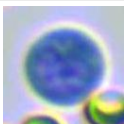
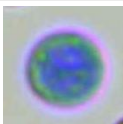
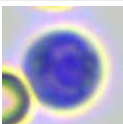
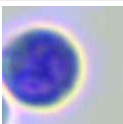
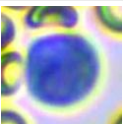
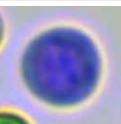
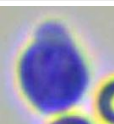
Lymphocytes



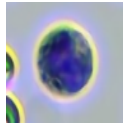
Count: 34.0

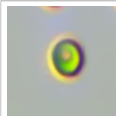
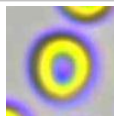
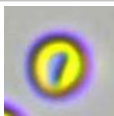
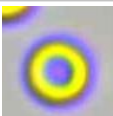
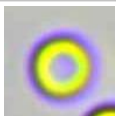
Concentration: $0.64 \times 10^9/L$

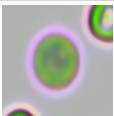
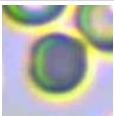
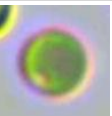
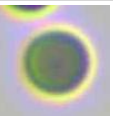
Percentage: 6.4 Lym#/WBC

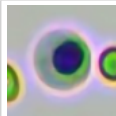
										
Monocytes	Count: 32.0	Concentration: 0.60 x 10^9/L					Percentage: 6.0 Mon#/WBC			

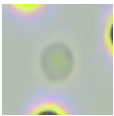
			
Eosinophils	Count:	Concentration:	Percentage:

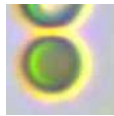
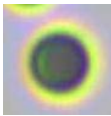
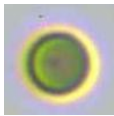
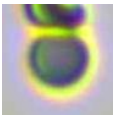
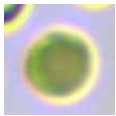
			
Basophils	Count:	Concentration:	Percentage:

					
Normocyte	Count: 64816.0	Concentration: 3.64 x 10^12/L	Percentage: 99.9 Normocyte#/RBC		

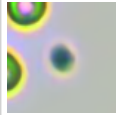
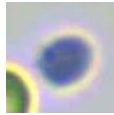
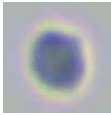
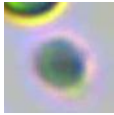
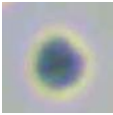
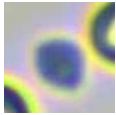
					
Reticulocytes	Count: 57.0	Concentration: 6.60 x 10^9/L	Percentage: 0.18 RET#/RBC		

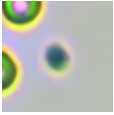
			
Nucleated red blood cell	Count:	Concentration:	Percentage:

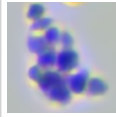
			
Erythrocyte ghost	Count:	Concentration:	Percentage:

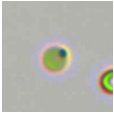
					
Spherocytes	Count: 46.0	Concentration: 0.76 x 10^9/L	Percentage: 0.02 SPH#/RBC		

			
Agglutinated erythrocytes	Count:	Concentration:	Percentage:

					
Normal platelets	Count: 1272.0	Concentration: 57 x 10^9/L	Percentage: 28.7 NPLT#/PLT		

			
Large platelet	Count:	Concentration:	Percentage:

			
Aggregate platelets	Count:	Concentration:	Percentage:

			
Heinz Bodies	Count:	Concentration:	Percentage:

Clinical Significance

Lym#	Decreased levels: It is seen in stress, Cushing's syndrome (Cushing's Syndrome) or use of glucocorticoids, lymphosarcoma, immunosuppressive drugs, and destruction of lymphoid tissue such as lymphangiectasis and lymphadenitis.
RBC	Decreased levels: Common of all kinds is urgent, chronic and haemorrhagic anaemia, if ulcer, tumor, operation; and the haemolytic anaemia that helminth infection, autoimmunity haemolysis causes; the nutrition sex anaemia that hidebound causes; the aplastic anaemia that toxic, immune disease, endocrine is maladjusted cause.
HGB	Decreased levels: It is common in anemia caused by various reasons, such as hemolytic anemia, blood loss and anemia caused by parasitic infection.
HCT	Decreased levels: It is common in anemia caused by various reasons.

PLT	Decreased levels: It is common in sample agglutination, such as physiological agglutination in cats, poor anticoagulation after sampling and long-term storage; Accelerated platelet clearance due to various causes, such as primary immune-mediated thrombocytopenia and secondary immune-mediated thrombocytopenia due to autoimmune diseases, tumors, infectious diseases, canine distemper attenuated vaccination, protozoal infection, dirofilariasis, histoplasmosis, and immune complex vasculitis;It is occasionally seen in abnormal platelet production caused by drugs, infections, vaccines, and defective platelet production.
MPV	Elevated levels: It is common in reactive platelet production after blood loss, secondary platelet destruction, myeloproliferative diseases, hyperthyroidism and so on.
PDW-CV	Elevated levels: It suggests that the platelet size is not uniform.
PDW-SD	Elevated levels: It suggests that the platelet size is not uniform.
P-LCR	Elevated levels: It is commonly seen in bone marrow reactive thrombocytopenia.

Veterinary Technician: not specified
Attending Veterinarian: Dr. Marian Grace Wanagen

Date Reported: 26/07/2026

This report is solely for the received sample and serves as a diagnostic reference for veterinarians.