



Patient:CocoSpecies:CaninePatient ID:2510101Client:Paul YousefGender:MaleSample No.:0000001

Doctor: Age: 4Y Time of analysis: 2025/10/24 10:12

	Item		Current result		Ref. Ranges	2025/10/10
Protein	TP	<u></u>	3.50	g/dL	5.31-7.92	6.14
Protein	ALB	<u></u>	1.79	g/dL	2.34-4.00	3.34
Protein	GLOB	<u></u>	1.71	g/dL	2.54-5.20	2.80
Protein	A/G		1.0			1.2
Liver and gallbladder	ALT		71.3	U/L	10.1-100.3	116.1
Liver and gallbladder	AST		17.3	U/L	0.0-51.7	32.3
Liver and gallbladder	AST/ALT		0.24			0.28
Liver and gallbladder	ALP	\	14.8	U/L	15.5-212.0	45.0
Liver and gallbladder	GGT		11.3	U/L	0.0-15.9	17.0
Liver and gallbladder	TBIL		<0.10	mg/dL	0.00-0.88	<0.10
Liver and gallbladder	ТВА		5.0	μmol/L	0.0-30.0	21.3
Pancreas	AMY	\downarrow	303.6	U/L	397.7-1285.1	470.7
Kidneys	BUN		11.25	mg/dL	7.02-27.45	20.36
Kidneys	CREA		0.46	mg/dL	0.23-1.40	0.67
Kidneys	BUN/CREA		24.3			30.2
Cardiovasc./Muscle	СК		98.5	U/L	66.4-257.5	139.5
Cardiovasc./Muscle	LDH		58.5	U/L	0.0-143.6	49.8
Energy metabolism	GLU	↓	49.2	mg/dL	68.5-135.2	115.9
Energy metabolism	TC	↓	96.8	mg/dL	103.2-324.1	171.0
Energy metabolism	TG		40.7	mg/dL	8.9-115.1	87.6
Minerals	Ca		5.07	mg/dL	8.40-11.88	10.02
Minerals	PHOS	\downarrow	1.79	mg/dL	2.48-6.81	2.80
Minerals	CaxP		0.73	mmol/L^2		2.27
Minerals	Mg		0.21	mg/dL	1.29-2.58	1.64
Electrolytes	Na+	\downarrow	<110.0	mmol/L	138.0-160.0	143.8
Electrolytes	K+	\downarrow	<1.0	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	4.4
Electrolytes	Na/K		***			32.4
Electrolytes	CI-		<70.0	mmol/L	102.7-125.0	110.8

Operator:

Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel

HEM(Hemolysis degree): 0 LIP(Lipemia degree): 0 ICT(Jaundice degree): 0

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

Time of Printing:2025-10-24 16:44:25









Patient: 2510101 Species: Canine Patient ID: Paul Yousef Gender: Male Sample No.: 0000001 Client: 4Y 2025/10/24 10:12 Doctor: Age: Time of analysis:

	Report Explan.	
ТР	↓	Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and increased globulin. Reduction is commonly associated with blood loss, protein-losing enteropathy, and decreased albumin.
ALB	↓	Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and corticosteroid administration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with excessive infusion, malnutrition, hepatic insufficiency or failure, nephropathy, and protein-losing enteropathy.
GLOB	↓	Increase is commonly associated with chronic inflammation and infection, and hyperimmunity, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake, anemia, and immunodeficiency.
ALP	↓	Increase is commonly associated with fracture healing period, hepatobiliary diseases, hyperthyroidism, and osteosarcoma, etc.
AMY	\downarrow	$Increase\ is\ commonly\ associated\ with\ gastroenteritis,\ pancreatitis,\ pancreatic\ tumor,\ etc.$
GLU	↓	Increase is commonly associated with diabetes and hypercorticalismus, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insulin administration, malnutrition, and insulinoma, etc.
тс	↓	Increase is commonly associated with biliary obstruction, hypothyroidism, hypercorticalismus, nephropathy, diabetes, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with protein loss enteropathy, pancreatic exocrine insufficiency, and hypoadrenocorticism, etc.
Са	↓	Increase is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, lymphoma, and nephropathy, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with low calcium diet, hypoalbuminemia, nephropathy, and vitamin D deficiency, etc.
PHOS	↓	Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, bone healing period, and hyperthyroidism. Decreased in hyperparathyroidism, tumor, etc.
Mg	↓	Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, hypoadrenocorticism, hypocalcemia, and muscle injury, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with gastrointestinal malabsorption, nephropathy, and hyperthyroidism, etc.
Na+	↓	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, hyperaldosteronism, and severe dehydration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, diuretic therapy, etc.
K+	↓	Increase is commonly associated with high potassium fluid replacement, diabetes, adrenocortical hypofunction, and acute kidney injury, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with low potassium or potassium-free fluid replacement, vomiting, diarrhea, and hypercorticalismus, etc.
CI-	↓	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, small intestinal diarrhea, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with vomiting, diuretic therapy, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

The results only applies to this test sample.

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