Biochemistry test report



Patient: Chansie Species: Canine Patient ID: 2506154 Gender: Female Sample No.: 0000004 Client: Yang Herrera

7Y 2025/06/15 15:13 Doctor: Age: Time of analysis:

	Item		Current result		Ref. Ranges	
Protein	TP		7.27	g/dL	5.31-7.92	
Protein	ALB	\downarrow	1.96	g/dL	2.34-4.00	
Protein	GLOB	1	5.31	g/dL	2.54-5.20	
rotein	A/G		0.4			
iver and gallbladder	ALT		13.4	U/L	10.1-100.3	
iver and gallbladder	AST		48.2	U/L	0.0-51.7	
iver and gallbladder	AST/ALT		3.60			
iver and gallbladder	ALP	1	454.2	U/L	15.5-212.0	
ver and gallbladder	GGT		15.4	U/L	0.0-15.9	
ver and gallbladder	TBIL		0.38	mg/dL	0.00-0.88	
ver and gallbladder	ТВА		3.7	μmol/L	0.0-30.0	
ancreas	AMY		563.4	U/L	397.7-1285.1	
dneys	BUN	1	33.02	mg/dL	7.02-27.45	
dneys	CREA		0.93	mg/dL	0.23-1.40	
Ineys	BUN/CREA		35.4			
rdiovasc./Muscle	СК	1	683.1	U/L	66.4-257.5	
diovasc./Muscle	LDH		40.3	U/L	0.0-143.6	
ergy metabolism	GLU	↑	151.1	mg/dL	68.5-135.2	
ergy metabolism	тс		311.0	mg/dL	103.2-324.1	
ergy metabolism	TG	1	288.0	mg/dL	8.9-115.1	
nerals	Ca	\	8.20	mg/dL	8.40-11.88	
inerals	PHOS		5.41	mg/dL	2.48-6.81	
inerals	CaxP		3.58	mmol/L^2		
inerals	Mg		1.37	mg/dL	1.48-2.58	
ctrolytes	Na+		134.2	mmol/L	138.0-160.0	<u> </u>
ectrolytes	K+		4.1	mmol/L	3.5-5.9	
ectrolytes	Na/K		33.1			
ectrolytes	CI-		113.9	mmol/L	102.7-125.0	

Operator:

Comprehensive Diagnosis Panel QC QC OK HEM(Hemolysis degree): LIP(Lipemia degree): 0 ICT(Jaundice degree): 0

The results only applies to this test sample.

Test Instrument:Mindray vetXpert C5

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	Report Explan.	
ALB	↓	Increase is commonly associated with dehydration and corticosteroid administration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with excessive infusion, malnutrition, hepatic insufficiency or failure, nephropathy, and protein-losing enteropathy.
GLOB	↑	Increase is commonly associated with chronic inflammation and infection, and hyperimmunity, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake, anemia, and immunodeficiency.
ALP	↑	Increase is commonly associated with fracture healing period, hepatobiliary diseases, hyperthyroidism, and osteosarcoma, etc.
BUN	↑	Increase is commonly associated with high protein diet, gastrointestinal bleeding, nephropathy, and urinary obstruction, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insufficient protein intake and liver failure, etc.
СК	↑	Increase is commonly associated with trauma, increased muscle activity (such as tetanus and convulsion), myocarditis, and myocardial infarction, etc.
GLU	↑	Increase is commonly associated with diabetes and hypercorticalismus, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with insulin administration, malnutrition, and insulinoma, etc.
TG	↑	Increase is commonly associated with postprandial, obesity, diabetes and hypercorticalismus, etc.
Са	↓	Increase is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, lymphoma, and nephropathy, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with low calcium diet, hypoalbuminemia, nephropathy, and vitamin D deficiency, etc.
Mg	↓	Increase is commonly associated with nephropathy, hypoadrenocorticism, hypocalcemia, and muscle injury, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with gastrointestinal malabsorption, nephropathy, and hyperthyroidism, etc.
Na+	↓	Increase is commonly associated with salt intoxication, hypertonic NaCl solution rehydration, hyperaldosteronism, and severe dehydration, etc. Reduction is commonly associated with hypoadrenocorticism, diuretic therapy, etc.

Note: Due to the complexity and individuality of disease diagnosis, the report interpretation is only for your reference. Please consult your doctors for clinical diagnosis results.

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